

Form C: Type Test Verification Report

All Micro-generators connected to the **DNO Distribution Network** shall be **Fully Type Tested**. This form is the **Manufacturer's** declaration of compliance with the requirements of EREC G98.

This form should be used when making a Type Test submission to the Energy Networks Association (ENA) Type Test Register.

If the **Micro-generator** is **Fully Type Tested** and already registered with the ENA Type Test Register, the **Installation Document** should include the **Manufacturer's** Reference Number (the system reference), and this form does not need to be submitted.

Manufacturer's reference number		RI-Energyflow-P3-Series 15 - 8.00kW	
Micro-generator technology		Grid-tied photovoltaic inverter	
Manufacturer name		Rayleigh Instruments LTD	
Address		1-5 Raytel House, Cutlers road, South Woodham Ferrers, Chelmsford, Essex. England	
Tel	01245428500	Fax	01245 428509
E-mail	Sales@rayleigh.com	Web site	www.Rayleigh.com
Registered Capacity , use separate sheet if more than one connection option.	Connection Option		
		kW single phase, single, split or three phase system	
	8	kW three phase	
		kW two phases in three phase system	
		kW two phases split phase system	
Energy storage capacity for Electricity Storage devices		kWh	
Manufacturer Type Test declaration. - I certify that all products supplied by the company with the above Fully Type Tested reference number will be manufactured and tested to ensure that they perform as stated in this document, prior to shipment to site and that no site modifications are required to ensure that the product meets all the requirements of EREC G98.			
Signed		On behalf of	Rayleigh Instruments Limited
Note that testing can be done by the Manufacturer of an individual component or by an external test house.			

Where parts of the testing are carried out by persons or organisations other than the **Manufacturer** then that person or organisation shall keep copies of all test records and results supplied to them to verify that the testing has been carried out by people with sufficient technical competency to carry out the tests.

Operating Range: This test should be carried out as specified in A.1.2.10.

Pass or failure of the test should be indicated in the fields below (right hand side), for example with the statement "Pass", "No disconnection occurs", etc. Graphical evidence is preferred.

Test 1

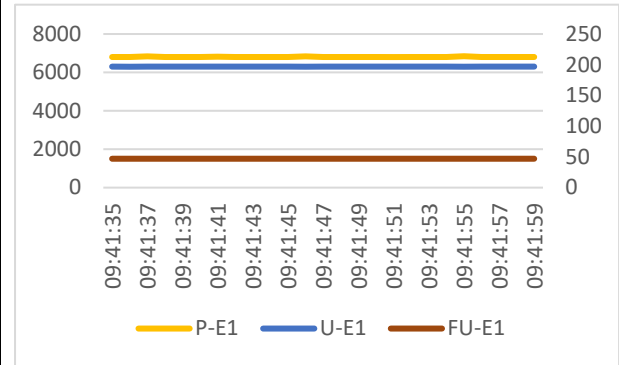
Voltage = 85% of nominal (195.5 V)

Frequency = 47.0 Hz

Power factor = 1

Period of test 20 seconds

Test results or chart to confirm operation



Pass

Test 2

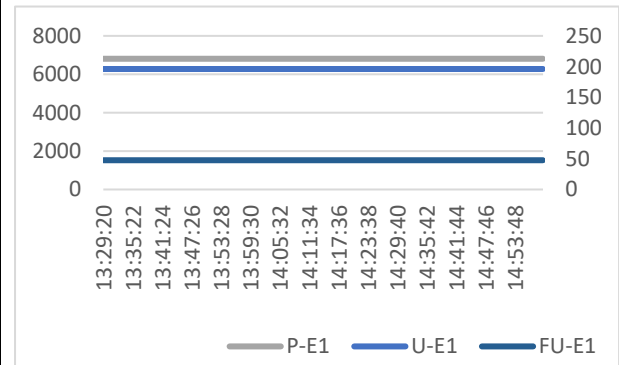
Voltage = 85% of nominal (195.5 V)

Frequency = 47.5 Hz

Power factor = 1

Period of test 90 minutes

Test results or chart to confirm operation



Pass

Test 3

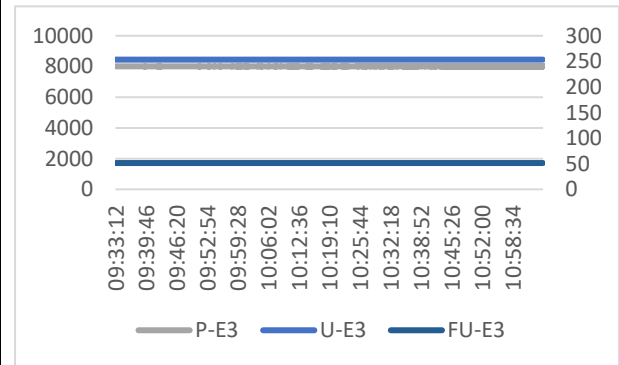
Voltage = 110% of nominal (253 V).

Frequency = 51.5 Hz

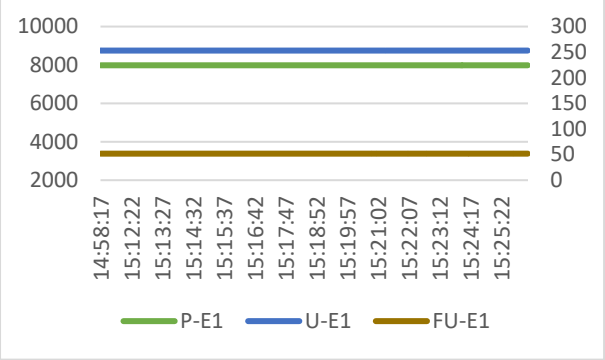
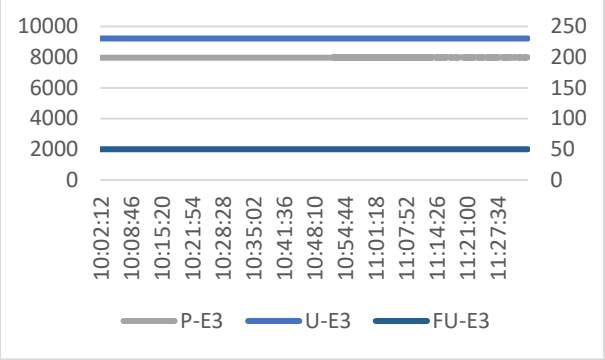
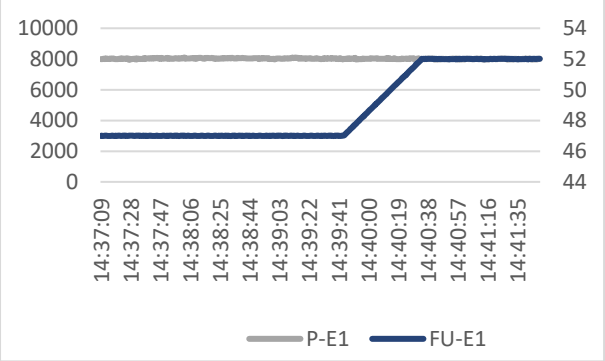
Power factor = 1

Period of test 90 minutes

Test results or chart to confirm operation



Pass

<p>Test 4</p> <p>Voltage = 110% of nominal (253 V).</p> <p>Frequency = 52.0 Hz</p> <p>Power factor = 1</p> <p>Period of test 15 minutes</p>	<p>Test results or chart to confirm operation</p>  <p>Pass</p>
<p>Test 5</p> <p>Voltage = 100% of nominal (230 V).</p> <p>Frequency = 50.0 Hz</p> <p>Power factor = 1</p> <p>Period of test 90 minutes</p>	<p>Test results or chart to confirm operation</p>  <p>Pass</p>
<p>Test 6 RoCoF withstand</p> <p>Confirm that the Micro-Generating Plant is capable of staying connected to the Distribution Network and operate at rates of change of frequency up to 1 Hz^s⁻⁸ as measured over a period of 500 ms.</p>	<p>Test results or chart to confirm operation</p>  <p>Pass</p>

Power Quality – Harmonics: These tests should be carried out as specified in BS EN 61000-3-2. The chosen test should be undertaken with a fixed source of energy at two power levels a) between 45 and 55% and b) at 100% of Registered Capacity . The test requirements are specified in Annex A1 A.1.3.1 (Inverter connected) or Annex A2 A.2.3.1 (Synchronous).										
Micro-generator tested to BS EN 61000-3-2										
Micro-generator rating per phase (rpp)				2.66			kW			
For 3-phase Micro-generators , tick this box if harmonic measurements are identical for all three phases. If the harmonics are not identical for each phase, please replicate this section with the results for each phase.										
Harm onic	At 45-55% of Registered Capacity ¹			100% of Registered Capacity						
	Measured Value MV in Amps			Measured Value MV in Amps			Limit in BS EN 61000-3-2 in Amps	Higher limit for odd harmonics 21 and above		
2	0.109	0.109	0.110	0.109	0.109	0.110	1.080			
3	0.073	0.075	0.074	0.073	0.071	0.074	2.300			
4	0.063	0.063	0.062	0.064	0.062	0.064	0.430			
5	0.170	0.173	0.169	0.172	0.170	0.169	1.140			
6	0.007	0.008	0.007	0.009	0.008	0.007	0.300			
7	0.044	0.046	0.047	0.044	0.045	0.046	0.770			
8	0.004	0.006	0.005	0.005	0.006	0.005	0.230			
9	0.033	0.030	0.032	0.032	0.033	0.032	0.400			
10	0.034	0.034	0.035	0.033	0.035	0.034	0.184			
11	0.026	0.028	0.027	0.028	0.026	0.028	0.330			
12	0.017	0.018	0.018	0.018	0.018	0.020	0.153			
13	0.062	0.060	0.062	0.061	0.063	0.063	0.210			
14	0.022	0.023	0.022	0.023	0.023	0.023	0.131			
15	0.010	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.012	0.010	0.150			
16	0.017	0.017	0.016	0.016	0.017	0.016	0.115			

¹ See the note in A.2.3.1 if 45-55% of **Registered Capacity** is below the minimum stable operating level. If an alternative loading level is chosen, the level should be indicated on the test form and the reason for not testing at 45-55% of **Registered Capacity** should be stated. The additional comments box at the end of the harmonics test sheet can be used for this.

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17	0.042	0.042	0.041		0.040	0.041	0.041	0.132	
18	0.010	0.009	0.009		0.010	0.010	0.009	0.102	
19	0.014	0.015	0.015		0.015	0.013	0.014	0.118	
20	0.010	0.008	0.009		0.010	0.009	0.007	0.092	
21	0.004	0.001	0.005		0.003	0.005	0.004	0.107	0.160
22	0.005	0.005	0.006		0.005	0.005	0.006	0.084	
23	0.012	0.012	0.013		0.012	0.014	0.012	0.098	0.147
24	0.003	0.002	0.003		0.003	0.004	0.003	0.077	
25	0.013	0.012	0.012		0.013	0.014	0.013	0.090	0.135
26	0.004	0.005	0.004		0.004	0.006	0.004	0.071	
27	0.003	0.005	0.003		0.004	0.003	0.005	0.083	0.124
28	0.004	0.005	0.004		0.004	0.005	0.004	0.066	
29	0.005	0.005	0.006		0.005	0.007	0.006	0.078	0.117
30	0.003	0.002	0.001		0.002	0.002	0.002	0.061	
31	0.004	0.004	0.005		0.003	0.003	0.003	0.073	0.109
32	0.004	0.004	0.004		0.005	0.003	0.005	0.058	
33	0.003	0.003	0.003		0.003	0.003	0.003	0.068	0.102
34	0.002	0.002	0.002		0.001	0.002	0.001	0.054	
35	0.005	0.004	0.006		0.005	0.005	0.006	0.064	0.096
36	0.001	0.001	0.001		0.001	0.001	0.002	0.051	
37	0.003	0.004	0.003		0.003	0.002	0.002	0.061	0.091
38	0.002	0.003	0.003		0.003	0.002	0.003	0.048	
39	0.003	0.003	0.003		0.003	0.003	0.004	0.058	0.087
40	0.002	0.002	0.002		0.001	0.002	0.001	0.046	

Note the higher limits for odd harmonics 21 and above are only allowable under certain conditions, if these higher limits are utilised please state the exemption used as detailed in part 6.2.3.4 of BS EN 61000-3-2 in the box below.

Additional comments:

Power Quality – Voltage fluctuations and Flicker: These tests should be undertaken in accordance with EREC G98 Annex A1 A.1.3.3 (**Inverter** connected) or Annex A2 A.2.3.3 (Synchronous).

The standard test impedance is 0.4 Ω for a single phase **Micro-generating Plant** (and for a two phase unit in a three phase system) and 0.24 Ω for a three phase **Micro-generating Plant** (and for a two phase unit in a split phase system). Please ensure that both test and standard impedance are completed on this form. If the test impedance (or the measured impedance) is different to the standard impedance, it must be normalised to the standard impedance as follows (where the **Power Factor** of the generation output is 0.98 or above):

$d_{\text{max normalised value}} = (\text{Standard impedance} / \text{Measured impedance}) \times \text{Measured value}.$

Where the **Power Factor** of the output is under 0.98 then the X to R ratio of the test impedance should be close to that of the standard impedance.

The stopping test should be a trip from full load operation.

The duration of these tests needs to comply with the particular requirements set out in the testing notes for the technology under test.

The test date and location must be declared.

Test start date	25 August.,2022			Test end date	25 August.,2022			
Test location	Suzhou National Hi-Tech District, Suzhou, China.							
	Starting			Stopping			Running	
	d(max)	d(c)	d(t)	d(max)	d(c)	d(t)	P _{st}	P _{it} 2 hours
Measured Values at test impedance	0.42 %	0.12 %	0%	0.54%	0.1%	0%	0.19	0.16
Normalised to standard impedance	0.42 %	0.12 %	0%	0.54%	0.1%	0%	0.19	0.16
Normalised to required maximum impedance	0.42 %	0.12 %	0%	0.54%	0.1%	0%	0.19	0.16
Limits set under BS EN 61000-3-11	4%	3.3%	3.3%	4%	3.3%	3.3%	1.0	0.65

Test Impedance	R	0.24	Ω	X	0.15	Ω
Standard Impedance	R	0.24 * 0.4 ^	Ω	X	0.15 * 0.25 ^	Ω
Maximum Impedance	R	0.24	Ω	X	0.15	Ω

*Applies to three phase and split single phase **Micro-generators**. Delete as appropriate.
^ Applies to single phase **Micro-generators** and **Micro-generators** using two phases on a three phase system. Delete as appropriate.

Power quality – DC injection: This test should be carried out in accordance with A 1.3.4 as applicable. The % DC injection (“as % of rated AC current” below) is calculated as follows:
% DC injection = Recorded DC value in Amps / base current
where the base current is the **Registered Capacity (W) / 230 V**. The % DC injection should not be greater than 0.25%.

Test power level	20%	50%	75%	100%
Recorded DC value in Amps	0.021	0.023	0.022	0.025
as % of rated AC current	0.16%	0.18%	0.17%	0.20%
Limit	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%	0.25%

Power Quality – Power factor: This test shall be carried out in accordance with A.1.3.2 and A.2.3.2 at three voltage levels and at **Registered Capacity** and the measured **Power Factor** must be greater than 0.95 to pass. Voltage to be maintained within $\pm 1.5\%$ of the stated level during the test.

	216.2 V	230 V	253 V
Measured value	0,997	0,9975	0,9975
Power Factor Limit	>0.95	>0.95	>0.95

Protection – Frequency tests: These tests should be carried out in accordance with Annex A1 A.1.2.3 (**Inverter** connected) or Annex A2 A.2.2.3 (Synchronous). For trip tests, frequency and time delay should be stated. For “no trip tests”, “no trip” can be stated.

Function	Setting	Trip test	“No trip tests”
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	Frequency	Time delay	Frequency	Time delay	Frequency /time	Confirm no trip
U/F stage 1	47.5 Hz	20 s	47.45Hz	20.015s	47.7 Hz 30 s	no trip
U/F stage 2	47 Hz	0.5 s	46.92Hz	0.508s	47.2 Hz 19.5 s	no trip
					46.8 Hz 0.45 s	no trip
O/F stage 1	52 Hz	0.5 s	52.09Hz	0.512s	51.8 Hz 120.0 s	no trip
					52.2 Hz 0.45 s	no trip

Note. For frequency trip tests the frequency required to trip is the setting ± 0.1 Hz. In order to measure the time delay a larger deviation than the minimum required to operate the protection can be used. The “No trip tests” need to be carried out at the setting ± 0.2 Hz and for the relevant times as shown in the table above to ensure that the protection will not trip in error.

Protection – Voltage tests: These tests should be carried out in accordance with Annex A1 A.1.2.2 (Inverter connected) or Annex A2 A.2.2.2 (Synchronous). For trip tests, voltage and time delay should be stated. For “no trip tests”, “no trip” can be stated.

Function	Setting		Trip test		“No trip tests”	
	Voltage	Time delay	Voltage	Time delay	Voltage /time	Confirm no trip
U/V	184 V	2.5 s	182.3V	2.48s	188 V 5.0 s	no trip
					180 V 2.45 s	no trip
O/V stage 1	262.2 V	1.0 s	264.8V	1.013S	258.2 V 5.0 s	no trip
O/V stage 2	273.7 V	0.5 s	275.1V	0.511S	269.7 V 0.95 s	no trip
					277.7 V 0.45 s	no trip

Ph2

Function	Setting		Trip test		“No trip tests”	
	Voltage	Time delay	Voltage	Time delay	Voltage /time	Confirm no trip
U/V	184 V	2.5 s	182.6V	2.48s	188 V 5.0 s	no trip
					180 V 2.45 s	no trip
O/V stage 1	262.2 V	1.0 s	265.2V	0.98S	258.2 V 5.0 s	no trip

O/V stage 2	273.7 V	0.5 s	275.2V	0.51S	269.7 V 0.95 s	no trip
					277.7 V 0.45 s	no trip
Ph3						
Function	Setting		Trip test		"No trip tests"	
	Voltage	Time delay	Voltage	Time delay	Voltage /time	Confirm no trip
U/V	184 V	2.5 s	183.2V	2.51s	188 V 5.0 s	no trip
					180 V 2.45 s	no trip
O/V stage 1	262.2 V	1.0 s	264.1V	1.02S	258.2 V 5.0 s	no trip
O/V stage 2	273.7 V	0.5 s	275.1V	0.51S	269.7 V 0.95 s	no trip
					277.7 V 0.45 s	no trip
Note for Voltage tests the Voltage required to trip is the setting ± 3.45 V. The time delay can be measured at a larger deviation than the minimum required to operate the protection. The No trip tests need to be carried out at the setting ± 4 V and for the relevant times as shown in the table above to ensure that the protection will not trip in error.						

Protection – Loss of Mains test: For PV Inverters shall be tested in accordance with BS EN 62116. Other **Micro-generators** should be tested in accordance with A.2.2.4 at 10%, 55% and 100% of rated power.

To be carried out at three output power levels with a tolerance of plus or minus 5% in Test Power levels.²

Test Power	10%	55%	100%	10%	55%	100%
Balancing load on islanded network	95% of Registered Capacity	95% of Registered Capacity	95% of Registered Capacity	105% of Registered Capacity	105% of Registered Capacity	105% of Registered Capacity
Trip time. Limit is 0.5 s	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
For Multi phase Micro-generators confirm that the device shuts down correctly after the removal of a single fuse as well as operation of all phases.						
Test Power	10%	55%	100%	10%	55%	100%

² See the note in A.2.2.4 if the suggested loading levels are below the minimum stable operating level. If alternative loading levels are chosen, the level should be indicated on the test form and the reason for not testing at 10%/55% of **Registered Capacity** should be stated. The additional comments box at the end of the loss of mains test sheet can be used for this.

Balancing load on islanded network	95% of Registered Capacity	95% of Registered Capacity	95% of Registered Capacity	105% of Registered Capacity	105% of Registered Capacity	105% of Registered Capacity
Trip time. Ph1 fuse removed	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Test Power	10%	55%	100%	10%	55%	100%
Balancing load on islanded network	95% of Registered Capacity	95% of Registered Capacity	95% of Registered Capacity	105% of Registered Capacity	105% of Registered Capacity	105% of Registered Capacity
Trip time. Ph2 fuse removed	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Test Power	10%	55%	100%	10%	55%	100%
Balancing load on islanded network	95% of Registered Capacity	95% of Registered Capacity	95% of Registered Capacity	105% of Registered Capacity	105% of Registered Capacity	105% of Registered Capacity
Trip time. Ph3 fuse removed	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note for technologies which have a substantial shut down time this can be added to the 0.5 s in establishing that the trip occurred in less than 0.5 s. Maximum shut down time could therefore be up to 1.0 s for these technologies.

Indicate additional shut down time included in above results. N/A ms

Additional comments:

For **Inverters** tested to BS EN 62116 the following sub set of tests should be recorded in the following table.

Test Power and imbalance	33% -5% Q Test 22	66% -5% Q Test 12	100% -5% P Test 5	33% +5% Q Test 31	66% +5% Q Test 21	100% +5% P Test 10
Trip time. Limit is 0.5 s ³	212ms	211ms	197ms	223ms	216ms	214ms

Protection – Frequency change, Vector Shift Stability test: This test should be carried out in accordance with EREC G98 Annex A1 A.1.2.6 (**Inverter** connected) or Annex A2 A.2.2.6 (Synchronous). Confirmation is required that the **Micro-generating Plant** does not trip under positive / negative vector shift.

³ If the device requires additional shut down time (beyond 0.5 s but less than 1 s) then this should be stated on this form.

	Start Frequency	Change	Confirm no trip	
Positive Vector Shift	49.0 Hz	+50 degrees	no trip	
Negative Vector Shift	50.0 Hz	- 50 degrees	no trip	
Protection – Frequency change, RoCoF Stability test: The requirement is specified in section 11.3, test procedure in Annex A.1.2.6 (Inverter connected) or Annex A2 A.2.2.6 (Synchronous). Confirmation is required that the Micro-generating Plant does not trip for the duration of the ramp up and ramp down test.				
Ramp range	Test frequency ramp:	Test Duration	Confirm no trip	
49.0 Hz to 51.0 Hz	+0.95 Hzs ⁻¹	2.1 s	no trip	
51.0 Hz to 49.0 Hz	-0.95 Hzs ⁻¹	2.1 s	no trip	
Limited Frequency Sensitive Mode – Overfrequency test: This test should be carried out in accordance with A.1.2.8. The test should be carried out using the specific threshold frequency of 50.4 Hz and Droop of 10%. The measurement tolerances are contained in A.1.2.8.				
Test sequence at Registered Capacity >80%	Measured Active Power Output	Frequency	Primary Power Source	Active Power Gradient
Step a) 50.00 Hz ±0.01 Hz	7983W	50Hz	630V/8300W	99.79%
Step b) 50.45 Hz ±0.05 Hz	7903W	50.45Hz		98.79%
Step c) 50.70 Hz ±0.10 Hz	7503W	50.7Hz		93.79%
Step d) 51.15 Hz ±0.05 Hz	6783W	51.15Hz		84.79%
Step e) 50.70 Hz ±0.10 Hz	7501.5W	50.7Hz		93.77%
Step f) 50.45 Hz ±0.05 Hz	7912W	50.45Hz		98.90%
Step g) 50.00 Hz ±0.01 Hz	7992.6W	50Hz		99.91%
Test sequence at Registered Capacity 40% - 60%	Measured Active Power Output	Frequency	Primary Power Source	Active Power Gradient
Step a) 50.00 Hz ±0.01 Hz	3998W	50Hz	630V/8300W	49.98%
Step b) 50.45 Hz ±0.05 Hz	3918W	50.45Hz		48.98%
Step c) 50.70 Hz ±0.10 Hz	3518W	50.7Hz		43.98%
Step d) 51.15 Hz ±0.05 Hz	2798W	51.15Hz		34.98%
Step e) 50.70 Hz ±0.10 Hz	3521.1W	50.7Hz		44.01%
Step f) 50.45 Hz ±0.05 Hz	3920.7W	50.45Hz		49.01%
Step g) 50.00 Hz ±0.01 Hz	3996.7W	50Hz		49.96%

Power output with falling frequency test: This test should be carried out in accordance with A.1.2.7.						
Test sequence	Measured Active Power Output	Frequency	Primary power source			
Test a) 50 Hz \pm 0.01 Hz	8000W	50Hz	8300W			
Test b) Point between 49.5 Hz and 49.6 Hz	8000W	49.5Hz	8300W			
Test c) Point between 47.5 Hz and 47.6 Hz	8000W	47.5Hz	8300W			
NOTE: The operating point in Test (b) and (c) shall be maintained for at least 5 minutes						
Re-connection timer.						
Test should prove that the reconnection sequence starts after a minimum delay of 20 s for restoration of voltage and frequency to within the stage 1 settings of Table 2. Both the time delay setting and the measured delay should be provided in this form; both should be greater than 20 s to pass. Confirmation should be provided that the Micro-generating Plant does not reconnect at the voltage and frequency settings below; a statement of “no reconnection” can be made.						
Time delay setting	Measured delay	Checks on no reconnection when voltage or frequency is brought to just outside stage 1 limits of table 2.				
30S	65S	At 266.2 V	At 180.0 V	At 47.4 Hz	At 52.1 Hz	
Confirmation that the Micro-generator does not re-connect.		Not re-connect	not re-connect	not re-connect	not re-connect	
Fault level contribution: These tests shall be carried out in accordance with EREC G98 Annex A1 A.1.3.5 (Inverter connected) and Annex A2 A.2.3.4 (Synchronous). Please complete each entry, even if the fault contribution is zero.						
For machines with electro-magnetic output			For Inverter output			

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Time after fault	Volts	Amps
Peak Short Circuit current	i_p	N/A	20 ms	41V	12.5A
Initial Value of aperiodic current	A	N/A	100 ms	40V	0.12A
Initial symmetrical short-circuit current*	I_k	N/A	250 ms	40V	0.12A
Decaying (aperiodic) component of short circuit current*	i_{DC}	N/A	500 ms	40V	0.13A
Reactance/Resistance Ratio of source*	X/R	N/A	Time to trip	0.696s	In seconds
<p>For rotating machines and linear piston machines the test should produce a 0 s – 2 s plot of the short circuit current as seen at the Micro-generator terminals.</p> <p>* Values for these parameters should be provided where the short circuit duration is sufficiently long to enable interpolation of the plot</p>					
Logic Interface (input port)					
Confirm that an input port is provided and can be used to reduce the Active Power output to zero					Yes
Provide high level description of logic interface, e.g. details in 9.4.3 such as AC or DC signal (the additional comments box below can be used)					Yes
Self-Monitoring solid state switching: No specified test requirements. Refer to EREC G98 Annex A1 A.1.3.6 (Inverter connected).					N/A
It has been verified that in the event of the solid state switching device failing to disconnect the Micro-generator , the voltage on the output side of the switching device is reduced to a value below 50 V within 0.5 s.					
Cyber security					
Confirm that the Manufacturer or Installer of the Micro-generator has provided a statement describing how the Micro-generator has been designed to comply with cyber security requirements, as detailed in 9.7.					Yes
Additional comments					
<p>Logic Interface (input port): the logic interface will take the form of a simple binary output. When the switch is opened the Micro-generator can operate normally. When the switch is closed the Microgenerator will reduce its Active Power to zero within 5 s. The signal from the Microgenerator that is being switched is DC 5 V.</p> <p>Cyber security: We used a communication server with an SSL certificate.</p>					